

# How agri-food waste can create business opportunities

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#### Presentation overview

#### Introduction

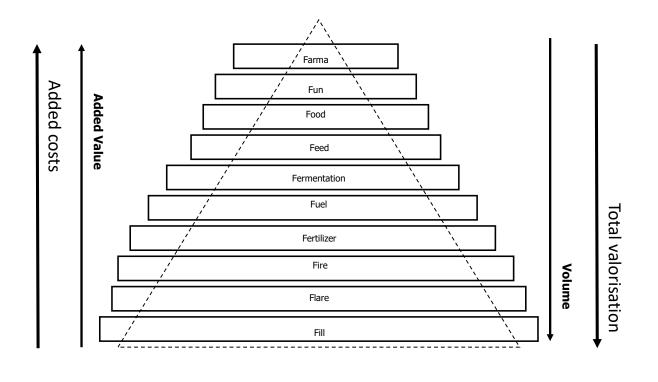
Success and failure factors, connected to practical examples (operational, in development & business case analyses)

- Packaging material from tomato stem and leaves
- Carrot fibres: food ingredient from peels
- Foods from vegetable residues



### Introduction Business opportunities: value vs. costs





	€/ton	
Farma	High	
Fun	High	
Food ingredients	5 - 20000	
Food nutritional	100-500	
Feed young	100-500	
Feed pigs	100-300	
Feed cattle	50-250	
Functional chemical	500-800	
Fibre	500	
Fermentation	150-400	
Fermentation bulk	100-300	
Fuel	100-300	
Fertilizer	-/- 200-100	
Fire	50-150	
Flare	0	
Fill	-/- 300	





#### Potential value-creation

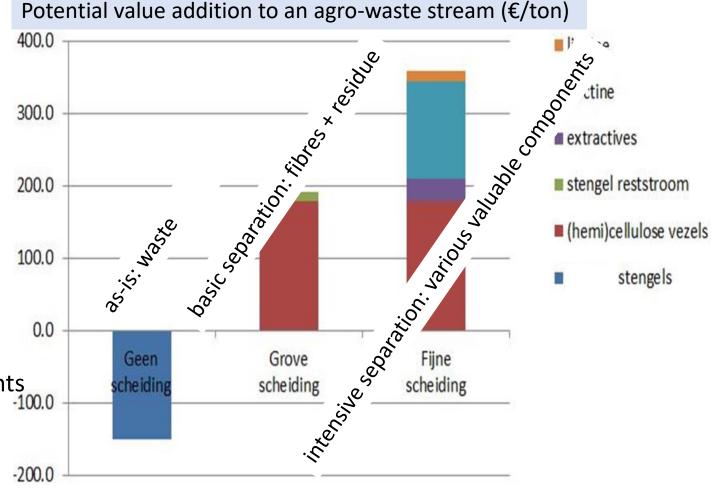
#### Issues:

- (potential) market
  - relevancy, value
  - market size, continuity
  - competing products
- material availability
  - local/regional quantities
  - seasonality
- processing costs
  - logistics
  - fixed costs
  - variable costs

local processing (efficient logistics) or centralized (economies of scale)

- continuity, competing developments
- co-operation

• ...





### Example:



### Packaging from tomato stem and leaves

Vegetable	Crop yield (ton/ha)	Stem yield (ton/ha)	Leaves yield (ton/ha)
Tomato	500	250-450	30
Bell peppers	300	270	80
Cucumbers	600	600	60
Egg plant	450	440	





#### Issues:

- toxic components in tomato leaves juice
- seasonality
- paper/board production: economies of scale

Result: 'cyclic' tomato box as sustainable added-value product

(The Greenery)







## Food processing by-product innovation: carrot fibres from peels



2010-2015: 82 new food products with ingredient 'carrot fibres'













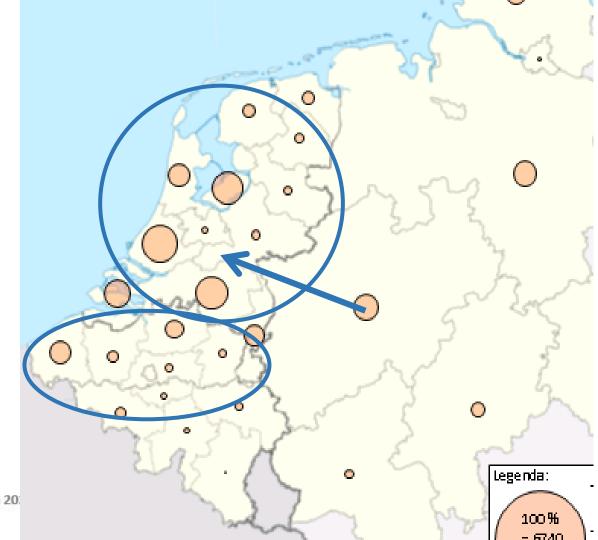






#### Challenge:

 economies of scale vs. logistic efficiency



### Tasty foods from residual vegetable products. The Waste Factory

- Strategic development by Hutten (food catering company)
- Taking responsibility in problem of food waste
- New business, marketing through supermarket
- Use expertise for distinctive 'culinary' (mild processed) products

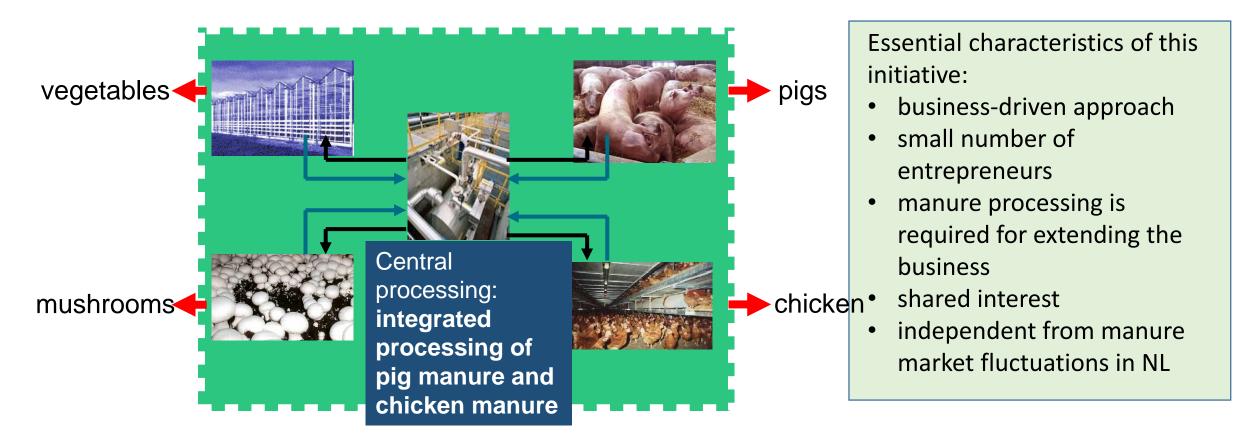






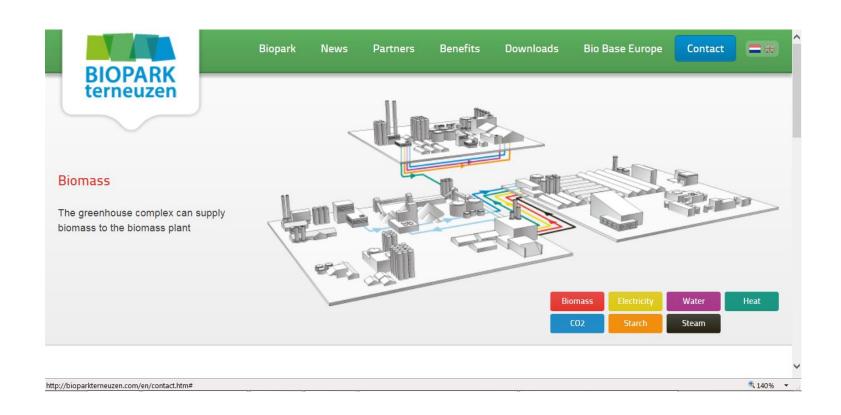
## Example: Combined manure processing in New Mixed Farm (Netherlands)





## Example: Large scale biogas production in Biopark Terneuzen





### Essential characteristics of this initiative:

- business-driven approach
- capital-intensive
- vulnerable to market fluctuations (manure and biomass)



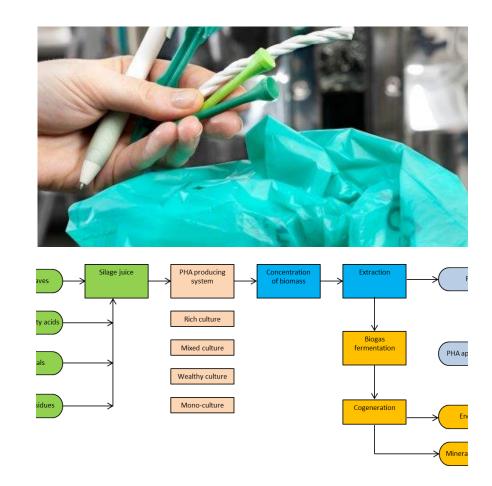
## Example: bioplastic (PHA/PHB) production from bio-waste streams?



- Various potential sources, like (pure) sugar or (diluted) bio-waste streams.
- Capital and energy-intensive processing

Economic analysis of a common processing route for sugar and diluted stream:

- sharp economies of scale
- higher energy costs for the diluted material steam
- -> Alternative (pre-)processing required for feasible bio-waste based production





# Example: Creating value-added extracts from winery by-products/wastes

- Business based on law that obliges winemakers to deliver their waste for distillation
- Largely developed / extended business (number of product categories, turnover) from 1970s until now
- Current challenge (material supply): new law that cancels the obligation of wine waste delivery (2014)







## Learnings on business creation for agro-food waste and by-products

#### **Essential conditions:**

- Market orientation/relevancy (product & price)
- Continuity of co-operation with partners/suppliers/customers
- Competitive advantages compared to traditional production systems

#### Pitfalls:

- Critical dependency on external conditions
- Combination of risks: technological development, co-operation, market, etc.

